

# Package: IPBES.R (via r-universe)

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**Type** Package

**Title** Tool functions used by the Data and Knowledge Technical Support  
Unit of IPBES

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**Maintainer** Rainer M. Krug <Rainer@krugs.de>

**URL** <https://ipbes-data.github.io/IPBES.R/>,  
<https://github.com/ipbes-data/IPBES.R>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/ipbes-data/IPBES.R/issues>

**Description** More about what it does (maybe more than one line).

**License** GPL (>= 2)

**Depends** R (>= 3.5.0)

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**Repository** <https://ipbes-data.r-universe.dev>

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IPBES.R-package	<i>Tool functions used by the Data and Knowledge Technical Support Unit of IPBES</i>
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### Description

More about what it does (maybe more than one line).

### Package Content

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### Maintainer

Rainer M. Krug <Rainer@krugs.de>

### Author(s)

Rainer M. Krug [aut, cre] (<<https://orcid.org/0000-0001-8049-7069>>)

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abbreviate_authors	<i>Abbreviate Authors</i>
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### Description

This function abbreviates the author names in a given data frame of works. The output is a list of author names in the format "First Author et al. (Year)" or "Author1 & Author2 (Year)".

### Usage

```
abbreviate_authors(oa_works_df)
```

### Arguments

oa_works_df	A data frame containing the works. It should have columns 'publication_year' and 'author'. 'author' should be a data frame with a column 'au_display_name'. One example is the data frame from 'openalexR'.
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### Value

A vector of abbreviated author names and publication years.

### Examples

```
## Not run:  
abbreviate_authors(oa_works_df)  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

doi_exists	<i>Check if DOIs exist</i>
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### Description

This function checks if a given list of DOIs exist by sending HTTP requests to the DOI resolver.

### Usage

```
doi_exists(dois, cache_file = NULL)
```

### Arguments

dois	A character vector of DOIs to check.
cache_file	A file name of the cache to be used, i.e. the confirmed existing dois. The format is a character vector with the DOIs which exist. If the cache exist, it will be updated at the end. Temporary caches will be written after 100 checks.

**Details**

This function uses the `httr` package to send HTTP GET requests to the DOI resolver and checks the response status code. A status code of 200 indicates that the DOI exists, while any other status code indicates that the DOI does not exist.

**Value**

A named logical vector indicating whether each DOI does exist or not, names are the dois.

**Examples**

```
dois <- c("sbcd1234", "10.1234/abcd", "10.1002/jcb.23190", "10.47366/sabia.v5n1a3")
doi_exists(dois)
# Output: [1] FALSE TRUE
```

---

doi_not_retracted	<i>Check if DOIs are not retracted</i>
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---

**Description**

This function checks if a given list of DOIs (Digital Object Identifiers) are retracted. It uses the Crossref API to query the Retraction Watch database.

**Usage**

```
doi_not_retracted(dois, cache_file = NULL, email = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

<code>dois</code>	A character vector of DOIs to be checked.
<code>cache_file</code>	A file name of the cache to be used, i.e. the downloaded retraction data. THE file is an 'rds' file as downloaded from the retractionwatch site. If NULL, the data will not be cached.
<code>email</code>	An optional email address to be included in the API request [RECOMMENDE!].

**Value**

A named logical vector indicating whether each DOI is retracted ('FALSE') or or not ('TRUE'), names are the dois.

## Examples

```
# Check if a single DOI is retracted
doi_not_retracted("10.1234/abcd")

# Check if multiple DOIs are retracted
dois <- c("sbcd1234", "10.1234/abcd", "10.1002/jcb.23190", "10.47366/sabia.v5n1a3")
doi_not_retracted(dois)
```

---

doi\_valid

*Validate DOIs*

---

## Description

This function validates a vector of DOIs (Digital Object Identifiers) using a regular expression pattern.# It is taken from <https://github.com/libscie/retractcheck/blob/23f1e5c7d572d9470583288d951d1bad98392f82/R/utills.R>.

## Usage

```
doi_valid(dois)
```

## Arguments

`dois` A vector of DOIs to be validated.

## Details

The function uses a regular expression pattern to validate the format of each DOI in the input vector. The regular expression pattern is based on the pattern used by the `retractcheck` package and can be found at <https://github.com/libscie/retractcheck/blob/23f1e5c7d572d9470583288d951d1bad98392f82/R/utills.R#L16>. Alternatively, you can uncomment the second regular expression pattern and comment out the first one to use the pattern from the `rorcid` package, which can be found at [https://github.com/ropensci-archive/rorcid/blob/master/R/check\\_dois.R](https://github.com/ropensci-archive/rorcid/blob/master/R/check_dois.R).

## Value

A named logical vector indicating whether each DOI is valid or not, names are the `dois`.

## Examples

```
dois <- c("sbcd1234", "10.1234/abcd", "10.1002/jcb.23190", "10.47366/sabia.v5n1a3")
doi_valid(dois)
```

get\_count

*Get Count*

---

**Description**

This function takes a search term and a list of DOIs, and returns the count of the search term in each DOI. If duplicate DOIs are provided, the function will stop and throw an error.

**Usage**

```
get_count(search_term, dois = NULL, ...)
```

**Arguments**

search_term	The term to search for.
dois	A list of DOIs to search within. Default is NULL.
...	Additional Additional filter arguments to pass to 'oa_query' as

**Value**

A named list where the names are the DOIs and the values are the counts of the search term in each DOI.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
get_count("climate change", c("10.1038/nature12350", "10.1126/science.1259855"))  
  
## End(Not run)
```

---

map\_country\_codes*Draw Map Map of Country Codes*

---

**Description**

This function downloads and plots the GADM and IPBES regions according to a list of ISO codes provided.

**Usage**

```
map_country_codes(  
  data = NULL,  
  values = NULL,  
  map_type = "countries",  
  geodata_path = tempfile()  
)
```

**Arguments**

data	data.frame or tibble containing at least one column called iso2c or 'iso3c'.
values	The name of the column to be plotted as the value in the maps. This is also used for the legend title.
map_type	A character string specifying the type of map to plot. Must be one of 'countries', 'regions', or 'subregions'. Default is 'countries'.
geodata_path	A character string specifying the path to store the geospatial directory to download data to. Default is a temporary file.

**Value**

A ggplot object representing the map of the specified map\_type.

**Examples**

```
map_country_codes()
map_country_codes(iso3c = c("USA", "CAN"), map_type = "regions")
```

---

 oa\_request\_IPBES

*Get bibliographic records from OpenAlex database*


---

**Description**

This is a slight adaptation from the function `oa_request` from the package `openalexR`. It has the additional argument `output_path` to save the results in a file and not compile them in memory. When the transfer is interrupted, the existing files are not overwritten but skipped. **From Here the original documentation:** `oa_request` makes a request and downloads bibliographic records from OpenAlex database <https://openalex.org/>. The function `oa_request` queries OpenAlex database using a query formulated through the function `oa_query`.

**Usage**

```
oa_request_IPBES(
  query_url,
  per_page = 200,
  paging = "cursor",
  pages = NULL,
  count_only = FALSE,
  mailto = openalexR::oa_email(),
  api_key = openalexR::oa_apikey(),
  verbose = FALSE,
  output_path = NULL
)
```

**Arguments**

query_url	Character string. A search query formulated using the OpenAlex API language and can be generated with <code>oa_query</code> .
per_page	Numeric. Number of items to download per page. The per-page argument can assume any number between 1 and 200. Defaults to 200.
paging	Character. Either "cursor" for cursor paging or "page" for basic paging. When used with <code>options\$sample</code> and or <code>pages</code> , paging is also automatically set to basic paging: <code>paging = "page"</code> to avoid duplicates and get the right page. See <a href="https://docs.openalex.org/how-to-use-the-api/get-lists-of-entities/paging">https://docs.openalex.org/how-to-use-the-api/get-lists-of-entities/paging</a> .
pages	Integer vector. The range of pages to return. If NULL, return all pages.
count_only	Logical. If TRUE, the function returns only the number of item matching the query. Defaults to FALSE.
mailto	Character string. Gives OpenAlex an email to enter the polite pool.
api_key	Character string. Your OpenAlex Premium API key, if available.
verbose	Logical. If TRUE, print information about the querying process. Defaults to TRUE.
output_path	Character string. If NULL (default), the results are compiled in memory as in the original function. If a character string, the results are saved in files named <code>page_PAGENO.rds</code> in the output path <code>output_path</code> .

**Value**

a data.frame or a list of bibliographic records.

For more extensive information about OpenAlex API, please visit: <https://docs.openalex.org>

**Examples**

```
## Not run:

### EXAMPLE 1: Full record about an entity.

# Query to obtain all information about a particular work/author/institution/etc.:

# The following paper is associated to the OpenAlex-id W2755950973.

# Aria, M., & Cuccurullo, C. (2017). bibliometrix:
# An R-tool for comprehensive science mapping analysis.
# Journal of informetrics, 11(4), 959-975.

query_work <- oa_query(
  identifier = "W2755950973",
  entity = "works",
  endpoint = "https://api.openalex.org"
)

res <- oa_request(
```



```
    query_url = query_work,
    count_only = FALSE,
    verbose = FALSE
  )

# The author Massimo Aria is associated to the OpenAlex-id A5069892096.

query_author <- oa_query(
  identifier = "A5069892096",
  entity = "authors",
  endpoint = "https://api.openalex.org"
)

res <- oa_request(
  query_url = query_author,
  count_only = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)

### EXAMPLE 2: all works citing a particular work.

# Query to search all works citing the article:
# Aria, M., & Cuccurullo, C. (2017). bibliometrix:
# An R-tool for comprehensive science mapping analysis.
# Journal of informetrics, 11(4), 959-975.

# published in 2021.
# The paper is associated to the OpenAlex id W2755950973.

# Results have to be sorted by relevance score in a descending order.

query2 <- oa_query(
  identifier = NULL,
  entity = "works",
  filter = "cites:W2755950973",
  from_publication_date = "2021-01-01",
  to_publication_date = "2021-12-31",
  search = NULL,
  endpoint = "https://api.openalex.org"
)

res2 <- oa_request(
  query_url = query2,
  count_only = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)

### EXAMPLE 3: All works matching a string in their title

# Query to search all works containing the exact string
```

```
# "bibliometric analysis" OR "science mapping" in the title, published in 2020 or 2021.

# Results have to be sorted by relevance score in a descending order.

query3 <- oa_query(
  identifier = NULL,
  entity = "works",
  filter = 'title.search:"bibliometric analysis"|"science mapping"',
  from_publication_date = "2020-01-01",
  to_publication_date = "2021-12-31",
  search = NULL,
  endpoint = "https://api.openalex.org"
)

res3 <- oa_request(
  query_url = query3,
  count_only = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)

### EXAMPLE 4: How to check how many works match a query
# Query to search all works containing the exact string
# "bibliometric analysis" OR "science mapping" in the title, published in 2020 or 2021.

# Query only to know how many works could be retrieved (count_only=TRUE)

query4 <- oa_query(
  identifier = NULL,
  entity = "works",
  filter = 'title.search:"bibliometric analysis"|"science mapping"',
  from_publication_date = "2020-01-01",
  to_publication_date = "2021-12-31",
  search = NULL,
  endpoint = "https://api.openalex.org"
)

res4 <- oa_request(
  query_url = query4,
  count_only = TRUE,
  verbose = FALSE
)

res4$count # number of items retrieved by our query

## End(Not run)
```

**Description**

This function takes a snowball object and a name, and creates two plots: one sized by cited\_by\_count and the other by cited\_by\_count\_by\_year. The plots are saved as both PDF and PNG in the specified path.

**Usage**

```
plot_snowball(snowball, name, path = "figures")
```

**Arguments**

snowball	A snowball object containing the data to be plotted.
name	The name to be used in the plot titles and file names.
path	The path where the plot files will be saved. Default is "figures".

**Value**

No return value, called for side effects.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
plot_snowball(snowball, "example")

## End(Not run)
```

---

```
plot_snowball_interactive
```

*Plot an Interactive Citation Network from a Snowball Search*

---

**Description**

This function creates a interactive snowball search network using the networkD3 package.

**Usage**

```
plot_snowball_interactive(snowball, key_works, file)
```

**Arguments**

snowball	The snowball object containing the network data. The object is returned from the <a href="#">oa_snowball</a> function in the 'openalexR' package
key_works	A data frame, as returned. e.g. by <code>oa_fetch(entity = "works", ...)</code> , containing the key-works from the snowball search which will be highlighted in the network.
file	The file name to save the network to. The directory has to exist. Default: NULL, i.e. not saved.

**Value**

A networkD3 object representing the interactive network plot.

**Examples**

```
## Not run:
plot_snowball_interactive(snowball, key_works, file)

## End(Not run)
```

---

table_dt	<i>Create a DataTable with various export options</i>
----------	---

---

**Description**

This is a wrapper around the DT::datatable() function that adds buttons for exporting the table to CSV, Excel, and PDF, as well as a print button. It also enables scrolling and fixed columns by default.

**Usage**

```
table_dt(
  data,
  fn = "datatable",
  buttons = list(list(extend = "csv", filename = fn), list(extend = "excel", filename =
    fn), list(extend = "pdf", filename = fn, orientation = "landscape", customize =
    DT::JS("function(doc) {", " doc.defaultStyle.fontSize = 5;", "}")), "print"),
  scroller = TRUE,
  scrolly = JS("window.innerHeight * 0.7 + 'px'"),
  scrollx = TRUE,
  fixedColumns = list(leftColumns = 4),
  escape = FALSE,
  ...
)
```

**Arguments**

data	The data to be displayed in the DataTable
fn	The filename to be used for the exported files when using the default button definition
buttons	A list of buttons to be displayed in the DataTable
scroller	Logical value indicating whether to enable scrolling in the DataTable
scrolly	JavaScript code to set the height of the DataTable
scrollx	Logical value indicating whether to enable horizontal scrolling in the DataTable
fixedColumns	A list specifying the number of fixed columns in the DataTable
escape	Logical value indicating whether to escape HTML entities in the DataTable
...	Additional options to be passed to the DT::datatable function

**Value**

A DataTable object

**Examples**

```
table_dt(iris)
```

---

to\_xlsx

*Convert Snowball to XLSX*

---

**Description**

This function takes a snowball object and a filename, and converts the snowball object to an XLSX file.

**Usage**

```
to_xlsx(snowball, xls_filename = NULL)
```

**Arguments**

snowball	A snowball object containing the data to be converted.
xls_filename	If not 'NULL the name of the XLSX file to be created. if NULL the data will not be saved in a csv but only returned invisibly

**Value**

Invisibly the data.frame generated

**Examples**

```
## Not run:  
to_xlsx(snowball, "example.xlsx")  
  
## End(Not run)
```

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